

Date

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STP Cum Switch Transaction Form

PMS Account Details	
Investor Name	Source (Please Tick <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> as applicable)
First Applicant Name	Direct <input type="checkbox"/> Regular <input type="checkbox"/>

Standard Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) Cum Switch from Liquid to New / Existing Equity Strategy				
Liquid Strategy PMS Code	Switch To Equity Strategy	Total Investment Amount	STP Start Date	% Switch in Each STP
Liquid STP PMS Code	Equity Strategy Name	Total Investment Amount	Immediate	20% Monthly of Capital*

Assumptions & illustration for STP Cum Switch:

- Initial transfer of 20% of total investment amount to Equity Strategy specified above will be made on an Immediate basis and including the initial transfer, 5 STP transfers will be made
- Subsequent Switch from liquid STP investment strategy will be made on the 20th of every month, if 20th is a holiday, then Switch will be made on subsequent business day.
- Cancellation/Modification during the STP period is not permitted.
- *5th STP amount can be more than 20% considering accumulated returns in Liquid Fund investment.

Please Tick Mandatory Document Submitted: Liquid STP Investment approach Equity Strategy Investment Approach

Declaration & Signature:

- I/We understand that pursuant to this request the Portfolio Manager shall now manage the assets i.e., funds and /or securities managed under the liquid STP investment strategy and shall transfer funds and/or securities to the new Equity Strategy specified above on a periodic basis.
- I/We further understand that the Portfolio Manager may at its discretion transfer the assets in the same form (funds and / or securities) as invested under the liquid STP investment strategy or may liquidate any/all securities managed under the liquid STP investment strategy and thereafter the funds and / or securities standing to my/our credit (net of all expenses) may be invested as per the Equity Strategy specified above.
- I/We further understand that due to fluctuations in the prices of securities/ transfer of marketable lot of the securities, the resultant value of the securities transferred may not be exactly equal to the amount requested here in above. I/We agree to hold LICMF PMS Investment Managers and its employees harmless and not liable and agree that I/We shall raise no claims for any loss that is suffered due to delay in deployment or transfer of funds/ securities.
- If the transaction(s) are delayed / not processed due to any reason on the STP due date, no back dated impact will be given in any circumstances whatsoever
- I/We understand the investment objectives under the liquid STP investment strategy and the Equity Strategy to which funds and/or securities will be subsequently transferred and have read and understood the Disclosure Document.
- I/We understand that the Portfolio Investment Management Agreement and Supplemental Agreement (if any) entered into between me/us and LICMF PMS Investment Manager shall continue to remain in force and be applicable to my/our investment in liquid STP investment strategy as well as the Equity Strategy specified above. Further, I/We confirm that I/We have read and understood the schedule of fee and that the fees applicable for the Equity Strategy shall be applicable to me after the change in the strategy.
- In case of a partial re-balancing to the Equity Strategy specified above, I/We agree and confirm that the fees and charges charged by the Portfolio Manager for providing me / us the Portfolio Management Services with respect to the other Investment Strategies availed by me as per the PMS fee schedule(s) signed by me/us from time to time shall continue to remain applicable.
- I/ We understand that upon redemption request, the portfolio will be liquidated, and proceeds will be paid as per redemption payout timelines, irrespective of exposure to equity/liquid funds.

Name: First Applicant	Name: Second Applicant	Name: Third Applicant
Name & Signature	Name & Signature	Name & Signature

Date

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STP Cum Switch Transaction Form

Customized Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) Cum Switch from Liquid to New / Existing Equity Strategy				
Liquid Strategy PMS Code	Switch To Equity Strategy	Total Investment Amount	STP Start Date	% Switch in Each STP
Liquid STP PMS Code	Equity Strategy Name	Total Investment Amount	Immediate	% & Duration*

Assumptions & illustration for STP Cum Switch:

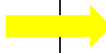
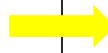
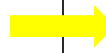
- *Initial transfer of % of total investment amount to Equity Strategy specified above will be made on an Immediate basis and including the initial transfer, rest STP transfers will be made as per written above
- Subsequent Switch from liquid STP investment strategy will be made on the 20th of every month, if duration is monthly if 20th is a holiday, then Switch will be made on subsequent business day.
- Subsequent Switch from liquid STP investment strategy will be made on the start of every week, if duration is Weekly if Monday is a holiday, then Switch will be made on subsequent business day.
- Cancellation/Modification during the STP period is not permitted.
- *Last STP amount can be more than % written above considering accumulated returns in Liquid Fund investment.
- Minimum installment amount is 5 lakhs under customized STP

Please Tick Mandatory Document Submitted: Liquid STP Investment approach Equity Strategy Investment Approach

Declaration & Signature:

- I/We understand that pursuant to this request the Portfolio Manager shall now manage the assets i.e., funds and /or securities managed under the liquid STP investment strategy and shall transfer funds and/or securities to the new Equity Strategy specified above on a periodic basis.
- I/We further understand that the Portfolio Manager may at its discretion transfer the assets in the same form (funds and / or securities) as invested under the liquid STP investment strategy or may liquidate any/all securities managed under the liquid STP investment strategy and thereafter the funds and / or securities standing to my/our credit (net of all expenses) may be invested as per the Equity Strategy specified above.
- I/We further understand that due to fluctuations in the prices of securities/ transfer of marketable lot of the securities, the resultant value of the securities transferred may not be exactly equal to the amount requested here in above. I/We agree to hold LICMF PMS Investment Managers and its employees harmless and not liable and agree that I/We shall raise no claims for any loss that is suffered due to delay in deployment or transfer of funds/ securities.
- If the transaction(s) are delayed / not processed due to any reason on the STP due date, no back dated impact will be given in any circumstances whatsoever
- I/We understand the investment objectives under the liquid STP investment strategy and the Equity Strategy to which funds and/or securities will be subsequently transferred and have read and understood the Disclosure Document.
- I/We understand that the Portfolio Investment Management Agreement and Supplemental Agreement (if any) entered into between me/us and LICMF PMS Investment Manager shall continue to remain in force and be applicable to my/our investment in liquid STP investment strategy as well as the Equity Strategy specified above. Further, I/We confirm that I/We have read and understood the schedule of fee and that the fees applicable for the Equity Strategy shall be applicable to me after the change in the strategy.
- In case of a partial re-balancing to the Equity Strategy specified above, I/We agree and confirm that the fees and charges charged by the Portfolio Manager for providing me / us the Portfolio Management Services with respect to the other Investment Strategies availed by me as per the PMS fee schedule(s) signed by me/us from time to time shall continue to remain applicable.
- I/ We understand that upon redemption request, the portfolio will be liquidated, and proceeds will be paid as per redemption payout timelines, irrespective of exposure to equity/liquid funds.

Note: In monthly STP second transfer will be in next month irrespective of date of initial transfer, in weekly STP second transfer will be immediate next Monday.

Name: First Applicant	Name: Second Applicant	Name: Third Applicant
Name & Signature	Name & Signature	Name & Signature
		

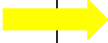
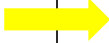
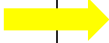
Schedule 3 - Liquid STP Investment Approach

Investment Objective	To invest the client's capital in liquid or overnight funds.	
Description of Securities	Under Liquid STP, client monies would primarily be invested in units of money market and liquid funds and some part might be retained as bank balance in bank account.	
Basis of Selection of type of security	The Liquid STP investment approach is based on investing money in units of liquid funds / overnight funds / debt-oriented funds/ money market funds or simply as bank balance till the funds are invested in one of the other investment approaches of LICMF PMS.	
Allocation of portfolio across types of securities	Type of security	Allocation in portfolio
	Money market funds / Liquid funds / Gilt schemes/ Debt oriented schemes/ Bank balance	0 - 100%
Appropriate Benchmark to compare performance	CRISIL Overnight Index	
Basis for choice of benchmark	The portfolio will consist of units of money market and liquid funds. Hence, CRISIL Overnight Index has been selected as the benchmark for comparing performance.	
Minimum investment	The minimum value of Funds/investments which will be accepted towards initial corpus under Liquid STP Investment Approach would be decided by the Portfolio Manager from time to time and the minimum sum will not be less than the amount stipulated by the Regulations from time to time. The uninvested amounts forming part of the Client's Assets may be at the discretion of the Portfolio Manager held in cash. The minimum value of funds/investments which will be accepted towards any additional investment in Liquid STP Investment Approach will be decided by the Portfolio Manager from time to time	
Indicative tenure or investment horizon	Not applicable under this approach	
Minimum tenure/Lock-in period/ Exit loads	Minimum tenure not applicable under this investment approach / DPMS Investments managed under Liquid STP Investment Approach shall not be subject to any lock-in period / There shall be no levy of exit load on withdrawal of monies being managed under this approach.	
Redemptions / Partial withdrawals	The minimum amount of partial withdrawals shall be at the discretion of the portfolio manager and shall be allowed only to such extent that portfolio value after recovery of fees, charges, and payment of withdrawal amount is not less than the minimum investment specified in the Minimum investment clause in this schedule.	
Use of derivatives	The Portfolio Manager might transact in derivatives in case it deems it necessary to protect the value of client's portfolios in periods of market instability. If the client does not want the Portfolio Manager to use derivatives at all in his/her portfolio, then, he/she can mention Derivatives as negative security in the account opening form and the Portfolio Manager would be barred from using derivatives in the client's portfolio.	

Risks associated with the investment approach




The investments made in Securities are subject to market risk and there is no assurance or guarantee that the objectives of investments will be achieved, and the Portfolio Manager has no liability for any losses resulting from the Client availing of the Portfolio Management Services. The following are the current risk factors as perceived by management of the Portfolio Manager. This list is not intended to be exhaustive in nature and is merely intended to highlight certain risks that are associated with investing in Securities:

- (i) Investment in equities, derivatives and mutual funds and Exchange Traded Index Funds are subject to market risks and there is no assurance or guarantee that the objective of investments will be achieved.
- (ii) As with any investment in Securities, the Net Asset Value of the portfolio can go up or down depending upon the factors and forces affecting the capital markets.
- (iii) The performance of the portfolio may be affected by changes in Government policies, general levels of interest rates and risks associated with trading volumes, liquidity and settlement systems in equity and debt markets.
- (iv) The past performance of the Portfolio Manager does not indicate its future performance. Investors are not being offered any guaranteed returns.
- (v) The performance of the Assets of the Client may be adversely affected by the performance of individual Securities, changes in the marketplace and industry specific and macro-economic factors. The investment approaches are given different names for convenience purpose and the names of the approaches do not in any manner indicate their prospects or returns.
- (vi) Investments in debt instruments and other fixed income securities are subject to default risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. Interest rate risk results from changes in demand and supply for money and other macroeconomic factors and creates price changes in the value of the debt instruments. Consequently, the Net Asset Value of the portfolio may be subject to fluctuation.
- (vii) Investments in debt instruments are subject to reinvestment risks as interest rates prevailing on interest amount or maturity due dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond, which might result in the proceeds being invested at a lower rate.
- (viii) The Portfolio Manager may invest in non-publicly offered debt securities and unlisted equities. This may expose the Client's portfolio to liquidity risks.
- (ix) Engaging in Securities lending is subject to risks related to fluctuations in collateral value/settlement/liquidity/counter party. The Portfolio Manager may use derivatives instruments like index futures, stock futures and options contracts, warrants, convertible securities, swap agreements or any other derivative instruments for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing, as permitted under the Regulations and guidelines. Usage of derivatives will expose the Portfolio to certain risks inherent to such derivatives. As and when the Portfolio Manager deals in the derivatives market on behalf of the Client, there are risk factors and issues concerning the use of derivatives that investors should understand.
- (x) Derivative products are specialized instruments that require investment techniques and risk analyses different from those associated with stocks and bonds. The use of a derivative requires an understanding not only of the underlying instrument but of the derivative itself.
- (xi) Derivatives require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that a derivative adds to the portfolio and the ability to forecast price or interest rate movements correctly. There is the possibility that a loss may be sustained by the portfolio as a result of the failure of another party (usually referred to as the "counter party") to comply with the terms of the derivatives contract. Other risks in using derivatives include the risk of mispricing or improper

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valuation of derivatives and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices. Thus, derivatives are highly leveraged instruments. Even a small price movement in the underlying security could have a large impact on their value.

- (xii) **Re-investment Risk:** This risk refers to the interest rate levels at which cash flows received from the Securities under a particular portfolio are reinvested. The additional income from reinvestment is the "interest on interest" component. The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows can be reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed.
- (xiii) There are inherent risks arising out of investment objectives, investment approach, asset allocation and non-diversification of portfolio.
- (xiv) **Prepayment risk:** there may be unscheduled return of principal on a particular Security, which may result in a reinvestment risk.
- (xv) **Credit Risk:** Credit risk or default risk refers to the risk that an issuer of a fixed income Security may default. Because of this risk corporate debentures are sold at a higher yield above those offered on Government Securities which are sovereign obligations and free of credit risk. Normally, the value of a fixed income security will fluctuate depending upon the changes in the perceived level of credit risk as well as any actual event of default.
- (xvi) The Net Asset Value may be affected by changes in settlement periods and transfer procedures.
- (xvii) **Risks related to index linked securities:** Performance of the reference index will have a direct bearing on the performance of the strategy. In the event the reference index is dissolved or withdrawn by the Index Provider; in case of Securities such as debentures, the debenture trustees upon request by the issuer may modify the terms of issue of the debentures so as to track a different and suitable index. Tracking errors are also inherent in any equity linked security and such errors may cause the equity index-linked security to generate returns which are not in line with the performance of the reference index or one or more Securities covered and/or included in the reference index.
- (xviii) **Risks pertaining to investments in Gold ETF's** will be as provided in the disclosure document of the Portfolio Management Services. However, some of the specific risks may include market risks, currency risks, counter party risk, liquidity risk and loss of physical gold.
- (xix) **Currency Exchange Rate Risk:** The Client's portfolio may from time to time enter into currency exchange transactions either on a spot basis or by buying currency exchange forward contracts. Neither spot transactions nor forward currency exchange contracts eliminate fluctuations in the price of the Client's portfolio Securities or in foreign exchange rates or prevent losses if the prices of these Securities should decline. Performance of the Client's Portfolio may be strongly influenced by movements in foreign exchange rates because currency positions held by the Client's portfolio may not correspond with the Securities positions held.
- (xx) In case of investments in mutual fund, the Client bear the recurring expenses of the Portfolio Manager in addition to the expenses of the underlying mutual fund schemes. Hence, the Client may receive lower pre-tax returns compared to what the Client may have received had he invested directly in the underlying Securities of the mutual fund schemes.
- (xxi) After accepting the corpus for management, the Portfolio Manager may not get an opportunity to deploy the same or there may be a delay in deployment. In such a situation the Client may suffer opportunity loss.
- (xxii) **Risks associated with investment in equity instruments using Quantitative Analysis/ Quant Model:** Some of the Risks attached with Quantitative Analysis are: (i) **Market Risk:** Like any other equity investments, these are subject to market risk. (ii) **Modelling Error:** Quant models are subject to price and volume inputs. It is possible that some of these inputs are entered incorrectly. The quant model selected by the Portfolio Manager may not perform as tested; such a scenario is entirely possible and would result in a loss. (iii) **Deviation from theoretical model:** A quant model is theoretical in nature, however at times the market may act unexpectedly resulting in a loss, the quant model cannot account for any such market behavior. The quant model may initiate a sell signal; however, the stock may not have adequate liquidity at that moment forcing the portfolio manager to further drive down the stock price.
- (xxiii) **Spread risk:** Investments in corporate bonds are exposed to the risk of widening of the Spread between corporate bonds and gilts. Prices of corporate bonds tend to fall if this spread widens which will affect the Strategy accordingly.
- (xxiv) **Liquidity or Marketability Risk:** This refers to the ease with which a security can be sold at or near to its valuation yield-to-maturity (YTM). The primary measure of liquidity risk is the spread between the bid price and the offer price quoted by a dealer.
- (xxv) **Risks related to Special Situations:** Special situation trades are subject to all risks under equity; however, in certain cases the risks can be specific as are mentioned: (i) The promoter may choose not to accept the discovered prices (ii) Regulatory hurdles may delay any specific corporate action.
- (xxvi) **Risk Associated with Securitized Debt:** Securitized debt may suffer credit losses in the event of the delinquencies and credit losses in the underlying pool exceeding the credit enhancement provided. As compared to the normal corporate or sovereign debt, securitized debt is normally exposed to a higher level of reinvestment risk.
- (xxvii) **Risk factor specifically while using Options:** The Portfolio Manager might buy options to enhance yield. In buying options the profit potential is unlimited, whereas the maximum risk is the premium paid to buy the options. The Portfolio Manager may use Derivatives instruments like equity futures & options, or other Derivative instruments as permitted under the Regulations and guidelines. Usage of Derivatives will expose the strategies to liquidity risk, open position risk, and opportunities risk etc. Such risks include the risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of Derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices. In case of the Derivative strategies, it may not be possible to square off the cash position against the corresponding Derivative position at the exact closing price available in the Value Weighted Average Period.
- (xxviii) **Risk factors associated with Derivatives:** Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the Investor. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the Portfolio Manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the Portfolio Manager involve uncertainty and the decision of Portfolio Manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the Portfolio Manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies. The risks associated with the use of Derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. Trading in derivatives has the following risks: (i) An exposure to Derivatives in excess of the hedging requirements can lead to losses. (ii) An exposure to Derivatives, when used for hedging purpose, can also limit the profits from a genuine investment transaction. (iii) Derivatives carry the risk of adverse changes in the market price. (iv) **Illiquidity Risk** i.e., risk that a Derivative trade may not be executed or reversed quickly enough at a fair price, due to lack of liquidity in the market.
- (xxix) The risks of investing in equity instruments include share price falls, receiving no dividends or receiving dividends lower in value than expected. They also include the risk that a company restructure may make it less profitable.
- (xxx) **Equity instruments face market volatility risk:** Stock market tends to be very volatile in the short term. Even if fundamentals of the underlying companies do not materially change in the short term, volatility in the broader stock market can result in volatility in share prices of stocks forming part of the Client's portfolio
- (xxxi) **Equity instruments face fundamental risk:** If fundamentals of the companies chosen by the Portfolio Manager deteriorate over time, there is no guarantee or assurance that the Portfolio Manager's analysts and fund managers will be able to identify such deterioration in fundamentals and take appropriate action in a timely manner which could lead to higher volatility and a lower return from the portfolio companies.
- (xxxii) **Equity instruments face macro-economic and geo-political risks:** Sudden changes to the macro-economic and geo-political environment within which Portfolio Manager's companies operate, could lead to increase in volatility of share prices of these companies.

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SCHEDULE 3.1 – Fee structures and list of charges for Liquid STP Investment Approach

Discretionary Management Fee (Regular)	Nil
Discretionary Management Fee (Direct)	Nil

Note: Management fee and operating expenses will be charged on main equity strategy

Place: _____

Date: _____

Name: First Applicant	Name: Second Applicant	Name: Third Applicant
Name & Signature	Name & Signature	Name & Signature
